



All Perennial Planting Guide

About All Perennial Wildflower Mix

The All Perennial Wildflower Mix contains many of the most beloved wildflowers including Lupine, Flax, Coreopsis, Shasta Daisy, Black Eyed Susan plus 10 others varieties. Suitable for all regions of North America, this mix is hard working and will produce a gorgeous display of colorful blooms without needing much of your attention or time. Once you've prepared your soil and sowed the seed, Mother Nature will do the rest!

When to Plant All Perennial Wildflower Mix

The All Perennial Wildflower Seed Mix is suitable for all USDA Zones and can be successfully planted at various times throughout the growing season. Spring is the most conventional time of the year to sow flower seed, but successful results can also be achieved by planting in summer in cooler zones. Many gardeners plant perennial wildflowers in the fall to get a jump on spring blooms.

Where to Plant All Perennial Wildflower Mix

Make sure your dedicated area is in full sun. A general rule of thumb is "the more sun the better." Little obstruction from trees or other structures like a home or garage is best.

How to Plant All Perennial Wildflower Mix

Prep the soil: remove unwanted grass and growth, then loosen the soil to create an environment where your seeds will thrive. Time to sow! Mix 1 part seed to 5 parts sand and distribute the mixture evenly over the soil. Finish up by lightly compressing seeds about 1/4 to 1/2 inch to protect them.

Caring for All Perennial Wildflowers

Mow your meadow after the season ends. Remove brush left on top, and prepare for your next blooms. This mix was created to include a wide range of varieties that will bloom at slightly different times. It gives you the widest range of color for the longest season. You'll see bright yellow, orange, red, purple, white and more. Most wildflowers will bloom in spring and summer, while some varieties will bloom into the fall as well. You can expect thick coverage with amazing results.